

“Garrett Condemns Administration Dealings with Darfur Terrorist: Urges President Bush to Adopt New Regulations,” U.S. Representative Scott Garrett (NJ-5), 23 April 2008, <http://garrett.house.gov/News/DocumentSingle.aspx?DocumentID=89482>

(Washington, D.C) Today, US Representative Scott Garrett (NJ-5) joined several of his colleagues to condemn the Bush Administration’s recent shift in policy towards Sudan.

Garrett stated:

“I am proud that the United States was one of the largest international humanitarian and peacekeeping supporters in Sudan and Darfur, but the recent actions by the Administration are completely unacceptable. The United States should not be meeting with Nafi Ali Nafi, the man responsible for many of Sudan’s domestic atrocities and a link to international terrorism. Meetings like this send the wrong message to the international community and terrorist organizations. I will continue to condemn these actions and speak out for the oppressed people of Sudan and Darfur while in Congress.”

The letter sent to President Bush makes ten recommendations regarding the United States future dealings with Darfur.

1. The Government of Sudan must fully implement, without delay, the CPA and DPA.
2. The Abyei protocol must immediately be implemented and oil revenue shares owed must be paid retroactively.
3. The Government of Sudan must hand over to the International Criminal Court all indicted individuals without any delay.
4. The Government of Sudan must immediately end its atrocities against innocent civilians in Darfur and other parts of Sudan.
5. The Government of Sudan must allow the deployment of UNAMID forces and allow unhindered access to humanitarian workers.
6. The Government of Sudan must end its ties with known terrorist organizations and individuals.
7. Senior officials in the Government of Sudan must be held accountable for the crimes committed in the Nuba, South Sudan, Southern Blue Nile, and Eastern Sudan.

8. Senior officials in the Government of Sudan must be held accountable for their support for Osama bin Laden and other terrorist groups.

9. A clear monitoring mechanism must be established by the United States to monitor and to ensure that the Government of Sudan is following through in the implementation of the demands outlined above.

10. The U.S. government should establish a period of two years to ensure implementation of the above and fundamental change in the character and ideology of the National Congress Party before normalization occurs.